



English knowledge framework

Knowledge of reading	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Making inferences and referring to evidence in the text.• Draw on knowledge of purpose, audience and context to support comprehension.• Authorial intent - language, form, structure.• Knowledge of ways language is used to create meaning.• Knowledge of literary devices and poetic conventions and their effects e.g. personification, metaphor, pathetic fallacy.• Effects of setting, plot, characterisation.• Critical comparisons across texts.• Knowledge of rhetoric, argument, meter etc.• Evaluating the success of authors' intentions (effectiveness of language, structure, literary devices).• Literary critical theory e.g. analysing a text through a Marxist, psychological, feminist or theological lens.
Knowledge of writing	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Write for a range of purposes and audiences.• Use the characteristics, structure and language of the genres.• Apply accurately knowledge of vocabulary, grammar.• Apply the literary and rhetorical devices to their writing.• Edit.• Summarise and analyse, using supporting ideas and arguments.• Use a range of types of sentence/syntax• Knowledge of the planning and re-drafting process.
Knowledge of spoken English	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Speeches and presentations.• Formal debates.• Summarising and/or building on what has been said.• Improvising, rehearsing, performing play scripts.• Using rhetorical devices e.g. allusion, paradox, logos, pathos, ethos.
Knowledge of grammar and vocabulary	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Study effectiveness and impact of the grammatical features of texts.• Apply the grammar set out in the appendix, use them consciously to achieve effects.• Apply difference between formal and informal registers, standard English and other varieties and spoken and written language.• Language structures.• Knowledge of words - meanings, connotations, morphology, etymology.
General and contextual knowledge	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Knowledge of the context in which texts were written – politics, history, human condition etc.• Background geography, history, economic, philosophy, psychology etc. knowledge to understand the texts.
Knowledge of themes	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Core knowledge about the themes, e.g. outsiders, love, identify, conflict and resolution, authority, social justice and inequality, nature, freedom and oppression, ambition, morality, cultural diversity.